

During the World Peace Council meetings convened in Sofia from the 16th to 20th of Feb, 1974, the Council condemned the military invasion launched by the Iranian forces against the liberated areas of our homeland.

Meanwhile, the Arab countries delegations taking part in the meetings strongly condemned in their speeches the Iranian Regime and its aggressive and expansionist policy in the Arab World, and in particular, in the Arabian Gulf.

## Qaboos Confesses Iranian Invasion & Shah Insists On

**MORE  
INTERVENTION**

### Gulf Regimes Desperately Attempt to Mask Their Yielding Attitudes

### PLA Confrontation Intensified While Enemies Resort to Barbaric Acts Against People

Statements by the officials in the Gulf regimes followed during the recent period following the Iranian Military invasion of Oman uselessly

#### POLITICAL COMMENTARY

In spite of the statement made by the People's Front for the Liberation of Oman and the Arabian Gulf on the Iranian invasion of the central Region of the liberated rurals and the interference of the foreign forces in the Sultanate and in spite of the reaction and resentment over the Iranian invasion by the Arab mass circles and their forces and national and democratic organisations, and national liberation movements as well as forces of peace in the Arab homeland and the entire world, yet the Information Ministry of the Sultanate and its information instruments continued to deny the invasion to direct its abuses and cheap insults not to the revolution alone but also to all patriots, progressives and honest people of the world and regarded such stands by them as to express an international conspiracy being woven by the communist movement against the Arab nation and the puppet Qaboos regime.

But finally the puppets came out with the reality which they oftenly tried to deny and to hide. Finally the puppets started to condemn such acts by them and their criminal policy and national treason. Qaboos stood to tell the world: "Forgive us. We were lying to you all time and we were hoping behind this to make you believe our lies and deccits. But this did not happen. So, forgive us" Qaboos told the Lebanese newspaper al-Hawadeth on 8th February: "No one came to our help other than the (Contd. 3)

want to clear the responsibility of the regimes for plotting against the Omani people and for backing the puppet regime in Muscat and in other words to put their hands in the hand of the Iranian invader against our people.

The chain of such statements started with a statement by Abdul Aziz Hussein, Kuwaiti Minister of State. In reply to a question by the patriot Deputies in the National Assembly on whether his government knew the Iranian invasion of Oman, he replied: "My government does not know about the invasion and that it does not approve an Iranian invasion of any Arab country."

His Government does not know about the invasion at a time in which a military spokesman in Muscat announced that the Iranian forces are taking part in the campaign amount to 1,500 soldiers and officers equipped with thirty helicopters and military frigates.

The government of Abdel Aziz Hussein, thus, does not approve any Iranian invasion of any Arab country and we do not know if it regards Oman as an Arab country or not?

If Oman is an Arab country what the Kuwaiti Government did to oppose such invasion?

As to the officials in the Federation of Emirates against whom the charge was directed of taking part in the crime as it became known that the Emirate States brought parts of their forces to inner Oman to protect the background of the mercenary army and Abu Dhabi supplies the Sultanate with assistance amounting to 25 million dollars in 1973. These officials who regard themselves as Omanis found themselves inside the cage of accusation because they are taking part in a huge operation aiming at destroying the will of the

Omani people and occupying their territories through the biggest foreign force.

For this reason Seif Al-Ghabashi, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs in the State of Arab Emirates, made a statement in which he said:-

"Our assistance to Oman is confined to the fields of education and real building. As to its political affairs, these do not concern us."

How can we believe that the political affairs of the Sultanate do not concern the State of Emirates? Then, why tens of Omanis who were arrested by the British intelligence in the Federation were handed over to the reactionary authorities in Muscat, And why the Federal Army entered Adhahirah area during the campaign of arrests and terrorism in December, 1972 and the beginning of 1973? And why the army of Zaid

came into the Western Region to catch the revolutionaries and place the chain in their hands?

Also, why non-interference in the political affairs of the Sultanate becomes a theme in the light of Iranian interference? Does silence not indicate to such interference? It quite blesses it and contributes practically in slaying and killing our people and smearing the soil of the homeland of which we regard this State as part of it.

The political imposture exercised by the officials in the State of Emirates and other Gulf States and the bid to wash their hands from the blood of the Omani people will be of no avail.

They are deeply sunk in national treason and have sold their homeland cheap to the Iranian invaders and

(Con'd Page 3)

#### MILITARY REPORT

### Martyrdom of Comrade Sailmoon & Comrade Massaraf is a New Proof of Sincere Resistance

The forces of the People's Liberation Army and the People's Militia are continuing their daily combative operations against the colonialist forces and the Iranian invading forces as well as the mercenary forces recording by that the most wonderful pictures of heroism and bravery. During the period between 23rd January and 11th February, 1974, that is from military communique No. 48 to communique No. 60 our brave revolutionaries carried out the following operations.

...1) Our comrades carried out five shelling operations by artillery on the enemy centres in North Sarfeet in the Western Region and the enemy

centre at Al-Maghseel in Al-Mammar. 2) Our revolutionaries waged eleven clashes and launched a number of attacks with different weapons including mortars and machin-guns on the enemy centres at the Red Line and al-Mammar areas.

3) Our revolutionaries carried out two mine-planting operations for armoureds in the Red Line and an anti-personned mine network operation.

4) Our revolutionaries carried out two sniping operations which continued for two successive days. During these operations, the enemy losses were as follows:-

(Contd. 3)



# Unarmed Citizens Face Courageously Invading Force Barbaric Acts

## THE RED LINE

Ever-since the Iranian and British forces launched their military campaign on the Central Region of our liberated rurals on 20th December 1973, the Iranian forces and the British officers and their puppets did not stop torturing and retaliating against the unarmed citizens in order to harm the firmness and determination of the citizens in the Liberated areas and to force them abandon their lands as the British and Iranian aircraft and military vessels bomb gatherings of citizens and their livestock and burn their farms. The result of such barbaric acts was the martyrdom and injury of a number of citizens. A large number of livestock also exterminated.

In spite of such criminal acts, the reactionary authority and their distorted information instruments do not feel shame of repeating promises on safety and not to harm any of the citizens.

The last of such promises and compromise was when the Iranian

invading forces opened fire on 30th January on the citizen Mohammad Salooman while he was herding his cattle near the centre of Hasi in the Red Line. Such criminal act led to the martyrdom of this citizen and the extermination of a large number of his livestock.

This citizen before coming to his herding place near the enemy centre, contacted his son who is working with the enemy forces and verified from him whether it is possible to herd in this area. The son told him that the government undertook not to harm the citizens and that the citizens are to move and to herd in any area they want. The citizen believe the words of his son and did not know that this was only a trick for killing him.

## THE EASTERN REGION

The colonialist and puppet Qaboos forces continue their criminal acts against the masses of the people and the peaceful citizens in the liberated areas. In addition to the acts of shelling and destruction carried out by the British Royal Air force and the heavy artillery of the puppet Qaboos army and the Iranian invading forces, these forces also

plant anti-personnel mines and poisonous water in the nearly inhabited areas where special units from these forces infiltrate into the inhabited areas and the water areas for this purpose. The last of such acts resulted in the martyrdom of a child in the area of Gubgat in the Eastern Region as a result of the explosion of a mine.

In a bid by the reactionary authorities to clear themselves from such ugly crime, these authorities hastened to accuse our militants of planting this mine. These authorities hope to find behind their lies and claims someone to believe them within the cries of the masses in the rural and urban areas. But these

authorities did not point out the reason for which the revolution, which is expressing the will of the masses - carried out such an act. The puppets confess that the revolution is staying so long that the masses exist. Once Qaboos announced that the water must be taken from the fish. This means that the masses must be away from the revolution in order that it becomes easy to knock it down. Since the stay of the revolution is linked with the presence and support of the masses for it, then what is the justification for such acts which only harm and abuse the revolution. The fingers of accusation point to you puppets and your masters.

## More Material Aid For P.F.L.O.A.G.

Day after day the circle of the friends of the revolution expands and grows and the number of its supporters all over many parts of the world increases, of course, amidst the national and democratic forces and the freedom and peace-loving forces. These friends translate and interpret their friendship and support for the revolution in different activities and morale and material assistance.

Such activities and such assistance find every respect and admiration from the revolution command bases. The aid and assistance of the friends to us constitute one of the centives of determination to continue the

march on the struggle upto the end. We received the following cash donations:-

500 dollars from the Arab students in Michigan in America, 47 dollars from the Committee in Support of the Revolution in New York.

75 dollars from the American progressive students in Lawrence Kansas in America.

85 dollars from the Arab Students Organisation in Akron University in Chile in America.

400 dollars from the Arab Students Organisation in Oregon in America.

70 dollars from the Committee in support of Revolution in Austin Texas.

300 sterling from the National Union of Kuwaiti Students, Britain's branch, in favour of Dhofar Hospital.

135 sterling from the branch of the Union of Yemeni workers in Sheffield in favour of the medical campaign.

177 sterling from the branch of Yemeni workers Union in Birmingham in favour of the medical campaign.

## Military Report (Cont'd)

The explosion of the mine resulted in the destruction of the vehicle and injury of those in it. Following the incident a helicopter was seen removing the dead and injured from the same place. The mine was planted by a group of the engineering unit of the People's Liberation forces operating in the Central Region.

As a result of the barbaric and savagous shelling operations carried out by the British Royal Air Force and the heavy artillery of the Iranian invading forces and the Qaboos mercenaries, we suffered the following losses:

- 1) Burning of extensive areas of herding places and farms.
- 2) Extermination of a large number of livestock of the citizens.

## More Nationalizations In Libya

On the occasion of the Libyan revolutionary resolutions nationalizing three American companies operating in Libya, the Central Executive Committee of the People's Front for the Liberation of Oman and the Arabian Gulf sent the following message to Comrade Muammar Al-Qaddafi, Chairman of the Revolutionary Command Council in Libya:-

"In the name of the militants of the People's Front for the Liberation of Oman and the Arabian Gulf and in the name of our militant masses, we greet you and the Libyan Arab people and bless your great accomplishment of nationalizing the three companies operating in Libya which were; the Texas Oil Company, the Asian Oil Company and the Libyan Californian Company. The revolutionary accomplishments realized by the 1st September revolution for cementing freedom and independence of the Libyan Arab people and for directing a decisive blow to the American petroleum interests and marching forward towards realizing comprehensive Arab unity. Certainly, this constitute an important historical junction in the procession of our Arab nation and crystallised the national ambitions of our people."

## P.F.L.O.A.G. Confirms Its Solidarity With Iraq Against Iranian Aggression

The Central Executive Committee of the People's Front for the Liberation of Oman and the Arabian Gulf sent the following cable to the President Al-Bakar:-

Comrade Ahmed Hassan Al-Bakar, Iraqi President: "At these decisive and critical moments in the history of our steadfast Arab nation, the puppet Iranian forces under the instructions of the puppet Shah are attacking the Iraqi territories as they did last month when they carried out a similar attack on the Central Region of our liberated territories. The Central Executive Committee of the People's Front, while denouncing such atrocious Iranian aggression on Iraq, affirms to you and to the Arab nation that the puppet Shah only proves the continued preparedness of his regime to sink the Arab nation in baths of blood and to conduct dreadful massacres which will claim thousands of victims of members of this steadfast Arab people. Our steadfast people and their brave militants all stand firmly by the side of the Iraqi

army in the battles waged against the puppet Shah forces."

## Patriotic Martyrs Number Rises In Iranian Jails

The Shah-in-Shah reactionary authorities continue to exercise their criminal and filthy acts against the detained militants of the Iranian people who lie behind the bars in the dreadful prisons which are scattered in different parts of Iran.

As a result of such criminal acts the following were recently martyred:-

1) Assayed Baiman, a teacher in one of the secondary schools in Tehran.

2) Assayed Muffad Yakhwa, a prominent militant in the Iranian national movement.

3) Assayed Birsto Saecednia, in Bragan prison which is lying in one of the deserts in the south of Iran and which is regarded as one of the dreadful prisons.



# Kuwaiti, Bahraini, & Iraqi Students Organisations' Messages of Support

## BAGHDAD

The Arab Students federations in Baghdad issued a statement on the Iranian invasion which is being faced by the liberated area in the Southern Region. In this statement they condemned the Iranian invasion and pointed out the Iranian invasion and its aims and defined this in nine points:

- 1) To hit the Omani revolution and to liquidate it through a military confrontation.
  - 2) To liquidate the national liberation movement in Oman.
  - 3) To protect the puppet reactionary regimes in the area.
  - 4) To protect the imperialist interests represented in the economic and strategic interests and in particular the oil interests.
  - 5) To realize the dreams of Iranian reaction for regional expansion so that it becomes the watch dog of colonialist interests.
  - 6) To create several fronts in front of the Arab revolution and its progressive forces.
  - 7) To implement the imperialist plan in Oman and the Arabian Gulf and Peninsula which aims at making puppet reactionary regimes in the area (Iran and Saudi Arabia) as the regent on the area and to move them in accordance with the plans of imperialism.
  - 8) To realize control on the important waterways in the Arabian Gulf and the Red Sea.
  - 9) To cordon the progressive regime in Democratic Yemen prior to launching campaigns aimed at harming its steadfastness.
- The statement asked all progres-

sive and revolutionary forces in the Arab area to exercise their natural and revolutionary and national role at the level of the masses in order to know the reality about the plotting by imperialism and Iranian reaction and its aims so that masses can make effective contribution in protecting and helping the Omani people and their steadfast revolution.

The statement added that the revolution of our Omani people will not allow the passage of such

imperialist and reactionary plans and will reply firmly to such plans and that this armed invasion will not be able to thwart the wishes and hopes of our people for freedom, progress and independence and will not harm their steadfastness.

In conclusion, the statement expressed the confidence of the forces of Arab students in the ability of the Omani people to check off the invaders and to make victory. The statement was signed by ten Federations and leagues of Arab students in the Iraqi Republic.

## BEIRUT

"The National Union of Kuwaiti Students and the National Union of Bahraini Students (both Beirut Branch) have issued a joint declaration, in which they condemned the co-operation of the local reactionary regimes with the Shah, as well as the conspiracy of silence which other Arab countries are adopting. The declaration emphasized the necessity of supporting P.F.L.O.A.G for the defeat of the imperialist invaders and mercenaries."

## Military Report (Cont'd)

- 1) The enemy lost 76 members killed and wounded.
  - 2) Destruction of nineteen enemy defensive positions in different areas.
  - 3) Destruction of a helicopter when it tried to land at the battle ground.
  - 4) Destruction of a Bedford vehicle with its military occupants.
  - 5) Destruction of a medium machine-gun with its crew.
- Our losses were as follows:-
- 1) Martyrdom of brave Comrade Muhhad Saeed Sailmoon.
  - 2) Martyrdom of brave comrade Ali Mussallam Mussaraf.

**TWO DETAILED COMMUNIQES NOS 48 AND 59 ON THE OPERATIONS, IN WHICH COMRADE SAEED MUHHAAD SAILMOON AND COMRADE ALI MUSSALLAM MUSSARAF MARTYRIZED.**

## Political Commentary (Cont'd)

Shah of Iran." In fact, the Qaboos continued, "the Iranians landed at Sallalah airports but did not land on

1) On 23rd January, the enemy advanced from his positions in the north to the "Morban Wazik" highlands in the Red Line. While the enemy forces were advancing they were engaged by the forces of the People's Liberation Army and the People's Militia in a hot battles which continued from three dawn upto four in the evening. The battle was from four directions-south, north, east and west. From the southern direction our comrades controlled the proceeding of the battle completely using light machine-guns and rockets. From the northern direction our revolution ries waged crushing battles and from the eastern and western directions our comrades attacked the enemy forces and rained them with fire from their weapons throughout the day. However, when a helicopter tried to land at one of

the enemy sites to remove the losses, it was subject to fire from our forces who brought it down at the battle ground. Enemy losses during all these operations which continued for eleven successive hours were:-

- 1) Death and injury of eighteen enemy members.
- 2) Destruction of a helicopter with three crew members.
- 3) Silencing of a medium machine-gun post.

Our losses were:-  
Martyrdom of brave comrade Saeed Muhhad Sailmoon.  
The British aircraft and heavy artillery continued shelling of nearby areas resulting in the burning of extensive herding places.

2) On 4th February, 1974 the enemy advanced from his centres at Gibgat in the north-eastern area to "Kishm" in the north of the Central Region, Comrade Mussaraf clashed alone with the enemy forces which he was besieging for a quarter of an hour during which the enemy forces suffered a number of casualties.

Comrade Ali Mussallam Mussaraf was martyrsied while his hand was on the trigger of his rifle and after he faced the enemy with the braveness of the revolutionary man.

On the same day our brave revolutionaries launched an attack on the enemy centre at Kishm using light weapons reinforced by rockets. The attacks continued for a quarter of an hour. Five enemy members were either killed or wounded. Our revolutionaries returned safely to base and chanting the vow to avenge for the martyr and to continue the struggle until the British colonialists and the Iranian invaders are expelled and their stooges and traitors are knocked down. The enemy forced to retreat to his positions at Gibgat following this operation.

On 5th February at 10.45 before noon on the same day an anti-tank mine exploded under a Bedford military vehicle carrying mercenary troops on the road between the enemy centres at the Red Line.

( See Page 2 ).

## Resolute Support of Baluchistan & Iranian Patriotic Forces

"The Democratic People's party of Baluchistan and the Committee for the Solidarity with the Kurdish People in Iran have issued a joint declaration in which they expressed their support for Palestinian people, and confirmed their support for the revolutionary war waged by the people of the Arabian Gulf under the leadership of P.F.O.A.G against the puppet regime in Oman, the Union of Arab Emirates, British military occupation, American imperialism and the oil monopolies.

They hail the principled stand of the P.D.R.Y. in supporting the revolution in the Arabian Gulf

The Democratic People's Party condemned the use of Baluchi soldiers by British im-

perialism, in their war of annihilation against the people of Oman denounced the support, of both equipment & personnel, given by the Iranian and Pakistan government to the regime in Oman and calls upon the Baluchi soldiers to desert the mercenary army and join the People's Liberation Army in the Gulf.

The declaration condemned the new expansionist policy of the Shah in the Arabian Gulf, clearly demonstrated by the occupation of the Arab islands, Abu Mousa, Khamb al Kauba and Khamb al Sougra .. We condemn the role of the Shah's regime in policing the imperialism oil interests in the area. The two organisations consider the struggle of the Arab people in Arabistan as part of the struggle of the Arab national liberation movement".

the islands, This is something not secret and we did not try to hide." ..Such statement by the Qaboos came to couple the statement made by the puppet Shah to the Londonite Daily Telegraph and quoted by Agence France Presse on 8th February in which he said: "The Iranian infantry forces, operating in the Sultanate of Oman — performed glorious work by opening the road of Dhofar which is lying between Sallalah and Muscat." He added: "The Sultan of Oman asked for our help and we responded to his request. We are, also, ready to respond to any request by any ruler in the Gulf in the event that his regime is subject to danger."

## Gulf Regimes' Attitude (Cont'd)

here they keep silent over the flagrant invasion of Oman. Such invasion magnifies the intentions of extensive occupation.

Our people are patient and possess a great memory and record of the events which took place and still take place at present and the account by the people of their executionists will be very hard.



# What are the Bahrain's Regime Aims Behind Arrests of Workers?

## American Planes For Iran, Saudi Arabia & South Vietnam

It is understood from an official source in Washington that the United States of America will start with effect from this February to introduce fighter planes of the F5E type to Iran, the Saudi Arabian Kingdom and South Vietnam. Iran will also buy during the next few months more than two hundred American fighters of modern manufacture. All these three countries will secure a total of 330 of the F5E type and MATCH 6,1 which is named TIGER 2, which is the developed type of the F5A which was given to more than fifteen friendly countries by the United States of America during the past years. Iran will get 150 TIGER 2 planes. Iran officially asked from the United States of America last month to be supplied with thirty fighter planes from the naval aircraft of the F14 type which are equipped with rockets of the Vinks type.

It is understood from the same source its intention to buy about 53 planes of the F15. It is understood that the cost of thirty planes of the F14 type amounts to 900 million dollars and that the 53 planes F15, swing-wing, will cost more than one milliard dollars.

It is worth recalling that these two planes, which are signified by air supremacy, and have a super-sonic speed, will have the American naval air force and the American air force supplied with huge quantities during the forthcoming years. Iran will also start to be supplied with such type of aircraft after that by several months. While waiting for such shipments the Iranian airforce will receive about 140 Phantom F-4 planes, the fighter planes used by the American air and naval force for several years.

The Saudi Arabian Kingdom asked

for about thirty F-5 aircraft amounting in value each to 1,600,000 dollars. The date of the contract concluded in this connection goes back to before the October war at a time in which the United States of America was thinking of selling TIGER 2 and F-14 aircraft to the Saudi Arabia.

But the opposition of the American Government to obtain such aircraft

on sale for a foreign country was fixed at thirty aircraft of the F-5-E type which is the number sought by Saudi Arabia and submitted to the American Pentagon. As to the 150 of this type of aircraft it has been decided to supply South Vietnam with the same number of F-5-A aircraft.

## ARRESTS & TRIALS OF WORKERS IN BAHRAIN

It was supposed to hold on Wednesday 6.2.74 the trial of fourteen of our brave workers in Bahrain on the charge of obstructing traffic. The trial was adjourned until another date.

Two weeks ago, workers demonstration came out to ream the streets of Manamah against unemployment which is being suffered by more than 3,000 workers and against the worsening living conditions lived by our working class. The demonstration also demanded suspension of tracing the workers by the authority and to allow the workers to form trade unions for them to defend their interests. The government allowed the workers to demonstrate after they have submitted a request to it. After the demonstration, the government launched a campaign of arrests on the ground of disturbances caused by the workers and obstruction of the traffic during the demonstration. The government promised to submit the workers responsible for such acts to trial. Of course the authority did not find an excuse other than this.

Other wise how it will justify its barbaric acts which tally with its democracy.

The Sultanate cannot abandon its repressive role against our Bahraini masses and in particular the workers, and it can exercise it in one way or another under its fake democracy. It allows the demonstration and then it follows and creates weak reasons in order to launch an arrest campaign and to use its democratic institutions to approve such barbaric acts under weak excuses. Therefore, our workers must not be deceived by this authority and its democratic institutions because they are the institutions of the authority - the colonialist authority - aiming basically at redressing the breaking of the masses and serving their imperialist masters. They will remain so whatever shapes and democratic forms it tried to give to itself through the establishment

of corporations such as the National Assembly. It is the same authority that broke the workers uprising in 1938 and the uprisings of our people in 1954, 1956 and in March, 1965 March 1972 and in 1973 but in another and better form.

The authority aims behind the latest arrest campaign against workers at wresting the labour leadership at this stage and throwing the leaders of the workers in prisons in the name of the democracy invented by the authority through its institutions prior to establishing during the forthcoming days the workers unions it deems fit. The workers unions appear weak and this is what the authority wants to realise behind the arrest of the workers.

## INDIAN OCEAN THREATENED BY AMERICAN DOMINATION

The United States of America is continuing its provocations against the security and safety of the peoples living around the Indian Ocean by planting more military bases in this ocean. Recently, the United States concluded a deal with Britain providing for hiring the "Samoa island" belonging to Britain and situated in the Indian Ocean. It will be used as a base for the Seventh Fleet which is reaming in this ocean in heavy manner. The base will cover submarines of the Polaris type equipped with nuclear-guided missiles.

Such heavy military presence is regarded to be directed basically against our homeland and threatens the peace and security of our peoples in addition to threatening the security and peace in the Indian Ocean and the entire world.

The United States is working continuously to challenge the will of freedom and peace-loving forces in the world which called for the necessity of leaving the Ocean free from any bases or colonialist presence.

## 8000 IRANIAN SOLDIERS IN OMAN

The British officers working in the Qaboos mercenary army affirmed that the strength of the Iranian military forces in Oman amounts to

eight thousand soldiers from the infantry supported by armoured, helicopters equipped with rockets and military frigates.

The officers said: "The Iranian forces taking part in the fighting and constitute the spearhead in the operating at present taking place in the Red Line, are estimated at 3,000 soldiers reinforced by the armoured, heavy artillery and helicopters equipped with rockets.

The special forces also confirmed that the forces of the Federal Emirates are at present stationed in different parts of the Sultanate of Oman to protect the background of the mercenary army of Qaboos and to detect any activity that might be carried out by the People's Front in other areas in Oman.

However, the Shah of Iran confirmed once again his complete preparedness to respond to any request for help by the reactionary authorities in the Gulf in the event the security of these regimes face danger like the danger now suffered by the Sultanate of Oman.

This confirmation came in a statement made by the Shah of Iran to the British Daily Telegraph and quoted by the Agence France Press 8.2.74.

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## WITHOUT COMMENT

"Our Omani armed forces recently opened the road between Thamreet and Sallalah", statement by the Ministry of Information of the Sultanate on January, 1974.

"We extended to the Sultan of Oman the aid and assistance required by him. The Iranian infantrymen realised glory when they opened last month the road of Dhofar lying between Sallalah and Muscat of which the rebels and insurgents were occupying part." The Shah of Iran to the Daily Telegraph copied by Agence France Press on 8.2.74.

"We, when denying the presence of any Iranian force, we only admit in advance that the Arab Omani Army possesses several experts and engineers of non-Omani origin." Al-Aqidah newspaper issued in Muscat on 31.1.74.

"None came to our help other than the Shah of Iran. In fact the Iranians landed on us at Sallalah airport but did not land on the islands. This is no secret and we did not try to hide." Qaboos in his interview with the Al-Hawadeth of Beirut issued on 8.2.74.